

Data Collection Forms

13. Please list two of your relatives or friends not living with you who would be able to help us find you in the future:

Contact #1: _____
Name

PO Address Residential (Physical) Address

City/Town State, ZIP code

Phone with area code Cell e-mail address

Contact #2: _____
Name

PO Address Residential (Physical) Address

City/Town State, ZIP code

Phone with area code Cell e-mail address

MEDICAL CONDITIONS:

14. Gender: Female ☐ Male ☐ (information to be filled in by field staff) **MEDHX6_14**

15. To which IHS and non-IHS Hospital/Clinic do you usually go? List the one you go to most often first.

Hospital/Clinic

IHS, check if YES

a. **MEDHX6_15** City: **MEDHX6_16** ☐ **MEDHX6_17**

b. **MEDHX6_18** City: **MEDHX6_19** ☐ **MEDHX6_20**

MEDHX6_21

MEDHX6_22

MEDHX6_23

16. What is your current weight: Pounds Current height / Feet Inches

17. Do you have arthritis? **Y=Yes, N=No, U=Unknown** **MEDHX6_24** Y ☐ N ☐ U ☐
If yes, have you been told if it is rheumatoid arthritis? **MEDHX6_25** Y ☐ N ☐ U ☐

18. Has a doctor or other health care provider ever told you that you have/had any of the following conditions
Please check the appropriate boxes below.

MEDHX6_26	a. Asthma	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> U <input type="checkbox"/>	f. Liver disease	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> U <input type="checkbox"/>	MEDHX6_31
MEDHX6_27	b. Lung disease	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> U <input type="checkbox"/>	g. Gout	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> U <input type="checkbox"/>	MEDHX6_32
MEDHX6_28	c. Retinopathy/diabetes eye problem	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> U <input type="checkbox"/>	h. Kidney stones	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> U <input type="checkbox"/>	MEDHX6_33
MEDHX6_29	d. Are you currently on dialysis	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> U <input type="checkbox"/>	i. Lupus/scleroderma	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> U <input type="checkbox"/>	MEDHX6_34
MEDHX6_30	e. Have you had a kidney transplant	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> U <input type="checkbox"/>	j. Diabetes/prediabetes	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> U <input type="checkbox"/>	MEDHX6_35

If YES to Diabetes/prediabetes, what type of treatment are you taking?

MEDHX6_36

MEDHX6_38

j1. Insulin Y|_|N|_|U|_| j3. Oral hypoglycemic pills Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_37

j2. Dietary and/or exercise Y|_|N|_|U|_| j4. No Treatment Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_39

Have you ever been told you have high blood pressure?

Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_40

19. Have you ever been prescribed medications for high blood pressure?

Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_41

20. E-cigs are battery powered devices that provide inhaled doses of nicotine. Have you ever used

e-cigs (electronic cigarettes)?

Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_42

21. Since your last SHS exam, have you had a heart attack, heart failure or any problems with your heart?

Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_43

If so, which hospital or clinic took care of you?

Hospital/Clinic:

MEDHX6_44

City:

MEDHX6_45

22. Since your last SHS exam did you have a stroke, a mini-stroke or TIA?

Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_46

If so, which hospital or clinic took care of you?

Hospital/Clinic:

MEDHX6_47

City:

MEDHX6_48

Did you receive rehab at a clinic, inpatient or other facility?

Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_49

Hospital/Clinic/other facility:

MEDHX6_450

City:

MEDHX6_51

23. Has a health care provider ever told you that you have/had cancer? Y|_|N|_|U|_| (If No or Unknown:

Female skip to question 25; Male skip to question 31)

MEDHX6_52

If "YES," what type is/was it? Check all that apply from the following list:

- | | |
|--|---|
| a. <input type="checkbox"/> Breast | f. <input type="checkbox"/> Kidney/Bladder |
| b. <input type="checkbox"/> Ovary/uterus | g. <input type="checkbox"/> Liver |
| c. <input type="checkbox"/> Prostate | h. <input type="checkbox"/> Mouth / Throat |
| d. <input type="checkbox"/> Lung | i. <input type="checkbox"/> Melanoma and/or Skin cancer |
| e. <input type="checkbox"/> Colon/Rectum | j. <input type="checkbox"/> Blood or immune system |
| k. <input type="checkbox"/> Other, not on this list: _____ | |

MEDHX6_58

MEDHX6_59

MEDHX6_60

MEDHX6_62

MEDHX6_64

MEDHX6_61

If yes, please provide name of health care provider or hospital where you receive/received cancer care:

MEDHX6_65

City:

MEDHX6_66

If yes, did you have an operation or biopsy for the cancer?

Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_67

If yes, where?

Hospital/Clinic:

MEDHX6_68

City:

MEDHX6_69

If yes, did you receive any chemotherapy and/or radiation therapy?

Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_70

If yes, where?

Hospital/Clinic:

MEDHX6_71

City:

MEDHX6_72

Female Participant only:

24. How many pregnancies have you had? MEDHX6_73

25. How many live births have you had? |__| |__|

26. Did you have a still birth (last 3 months of pregnancy)?

Y| N| U| MEDHX6_75

If yes, when?

MEDHX6_76a | | / | | | MEDHX6_76b
Month Year

27. During your **first pregnancy**, were you told that you had any of the following conditions and check all the complications that occurred:

MEDHX6 78 a. pre-eclampsia (toxemia) Y|___|N|___|U|___| d. diabetes (gestational diabetes) Y|___|N|___|U|___|

MEDHX6 81

MEDHX6 79 b. high blood pressure Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6 80 c. high blood pressure along with protein in your urine Y____N____U____

Please provide date of delivery for first pregnancy: / / MEDHX6_82

Month
Day
Year

Hospital of delivery: MEDHX6_83 City: MEDHX6_84

28. Was there **any other pregnancy** complicated by pre-eclampsia (toxemia) or high blood pressure?

Y|_|N|_|U|_| MEDHX6 85

If yes, please list one pregnancy that was complicated by these conditions

Date of delivery: / / MEDHX6_86

Hospital of delivery: MEDHX6_87 City: MEDHX6_88

Check all complications that occurred:

MEDHX6_89 a. pre-eclampsia (toxemia) Y|___|N|___|U|___| d. diabetes (gestational diabetes) Y|___|N|___|U|___|

MEDHX6 92

MEDHX6_90 b. high blood pressure Y|_|N|_|U|_|

MEDHX6_91 c. high blood pressure along with protein in your urine Y|_|N|_|U|_|

29. Interviewer code (administrative use only): INT_CODE

30. Interview date:

Month	day	year

INT_DATE

Diabetes Ascertainment

**THE STRONG HEART STUDY VI
CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN AMERICAN INDIANS**

MORBIDITY SURVEY

Medical Records Abstract Checklist for Non-Fatal CVD Events or Procedures

ID number:

|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|

1. a. Hospital name: _____

b. Hospital location _____

2. Date of ADMISSION to this hospital or date of this OUTPATIENT visit:

|_|_|_|/|_|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|_|_|
month day year

3. Date of discharge:

|_|_|_|/|_|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|_|_|
month day year

4. Was the patient transferred to or from another acute care hospital?

Yes |_|_|1 **(be sure information is listed on M&M master list form)**

No |_|_|2

5. Enter the ICD-9 or ICD-10 code numbers for the hospital discharge diagnoses and procedure codes recorded in the medical record exactly as they appear on the front sheet of the medical record and/or on the discharge summary. Be sure they are ICD-9 codes. Record diagnoses if no codes are available.

Indicate which code numbers entered: ICD-9 |_|_|1 or ICD-10 |_|_|2

1. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

9. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

2. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

10. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

3. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

11. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

4. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

12. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

5. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

13. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

6. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

14. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

7. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

15. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

8. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

16. |_|_|_|_| • |_|_|_|

RENAL DIALYSIS AND KIDNEY TRANSPLANT

6. Has the participant received a kidney transplant? Yes ☐ 1 No ☐ 2

If yes, was the transplant done this admission? Yes ☐ 1 No ☐ 2

If no, date of first transplant: / /
month day year

7. Was the participant receiving kidney dialysis during this hospital or outpatient visit?

Yes ☐ 1 No ☐ 2

If yes, was dialysis started during this admission? Yes ☐ 1 No ☐ 2

Obtain the following medical records (when available) for each hospitalization or outpatient visit since this participant's last morbidity chart review (and assemble them for each admission). Be sure that photocopies are legible.

	YES	NO	DONE, No Report
Admission Sheets (Face Sheets), including Diagnoses	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Admitting History and Physical Exam	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Discharge Summary	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ECGs (see instruction)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cardiac enzyme report (days 1 to 4)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Neurology Consult Report	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Reports of Procedures:

1. Echocardiogram	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Coronary angiogram	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Exercise tolerance test (Treadmill)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Cardiac catheterization	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. Coronary bypass	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Coronary angioplasty	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7. Swan-Ganz catheterization	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8. Intracoronary or I.V. streptokinase, or TPA reperfusion	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9. Aortic balloon pump	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10. Radionuclide scan	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11. CAT or CT of the head	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12. Magnetic Resonance Image (MRI) of the head	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
13. Carotid ultrasound/Doppler	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
14. Lumbar puncture	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

**THE STRONG HEART STUDY VI
CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN AMERICAN INDIANS**

MORBIDITY SURVEY – DECISION

ID number: |_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_| IDNO

Date of this event: |_|_|_|/|_|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|_|_|_| DOE
month day year

A. DIAGNOSIS (enter appropriate code number):

- | | | |
|---|-------|--------|
| 01. Definite non-fatal myocardial infarction | _ _ _ | DF6_1 |
| 1b. Probable non-fatal myocardial infarction | _ _ _ | DF6_2 |
| 02. Possible non-fatal myocardial infarction | _ _ _ | DF6_3 |
| 03. Definite non-fatal stroke | _ _ _ | DF6_4 |
| 04. Possible non-fatal stroke | _ _ _ | DF6_5 |
| 06. Definite CHD | _ _ _ | DF6_6 |
| 07. Possible CHD (those with some, but not all, criteria or with equivocal criteria for definite CHD) | _ _ _ | DF6_7 |
| 08. TIA | _ _ _ | DF6_8 |
| 09. Other CVD, specify: _____ | _ _ _ | DF6_9 |
| 10. Non-CVD, specify: _____ | _ _ _ | DF6_10 |
| 11. ESRD (dialysis or transplant): _____ | _ _ _ | DF6_11 |
| 12. Heart Failure (Please fill out the HF PROCEDURE FORM) | _ _ _ | DF6_12 |

B. Criteria used:

1. MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION (Please check all applicable criteria)

- | | | |
|--|-----|--------|
| A. Definite MI | _ _ | DF6_13 |
| 1. Evolving diagnostic ECG*, or | _ _ | DF6_14 |
| 2. Diagnostic biomarkers (2 x ULN)* | _ _ | DF6_15 |
| B. Probable MI | _ _ | DF6_16 |
| 1. Positive ECG findings plus cardiac symptoms or signs without available biomarkers, or | _ _ | DF6_17 |
| 2. Positive ECG findings plus equivocal biomarkers | _ _ | DF6_18 |

- | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|
| 15. Angiography (including vessels in the lower extremities) | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 16. Peripheral Angioplasty (lower extremity vessel(s)) | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 17. Surgical revascularization of peripheral vessel(s)) | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 18. Amputation | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 19. Chest X-ray | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 20. Carotid endarterectomy | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 21. CAT or CT of abdomen or other part of the body | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 22. MRI of abdomen or other part of the body | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 23. Other, specify: _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ |

Be sure to include Tracking Sheet in the packet

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION:

SHS staff code: _____

Completion date: _____

_____/_____/_____
 month day year

C. Possible MI

1. Equivocal biomarkers plus nonspecific ECG findings, or
2. Equivocal biomarkers plus cardiac symptoms or signs, or
3. Missing biomarkers plus positive ECG

☐ DF6_19
☐ DF6_20
☐ DF6_21
☐ DF6_22

** For ECG and cardiac biomarker definition, please refer to: SHS VI Manual, Section 2.3. DF6_23*

COMMENTS: _____

2. STROKE

A. Definite non-fatal stroke

1. Stroke of unknown type etiology: Definite stroke of unknown etiology when CT or MRI not done. Information is inadequate to diagnose ischemic (infarction), intracerebral hemorrhage, or subarachnoid hemorrhage.
2. Definite ischemic stroke: CT or MRI scan within 14 days of onset of a focal neurological deficit lasting more than 24 hours with evidence of brain infarction (mottled cerebral pattern or decreased density in a defined vascular territory), no intraparenchymal or subarachnoid hemorrhage by CT/MRI, (or lumbar puncture if done). A nonvascular etiology must be absent.
3. Definite primary intracerebral hemorrhage: Focal neurological deficit lasting more than 24 hours. Confirmation of intraparenchymal hemorrhage in a compatible location, not caused by trauma, with CT/MRI scan within 14 days of stroke.
4. Subarachnoid hemorrhage: Sudden onset of a headache, neck stiffness, loss of consciousness. There may be a focal neurological deficit, but neck stiffness is more prominent. Blood in the subarachnoid or intraventricular space by CT/MRI - not caused by trauma.
5. Non-fatal stroke after cardiovascular invasive interventions: Stroke associated with the intervention within 30 days of cardiovascular surgery, or within 7 days of cardiac catheterization, arrhythmia ablation, angioplasty, atherectomy, stent deployment or other invasive coronary or peripheral vascular interventions.
6. Non-fatal stroke post non-cardiovascular surgery: Stroke occurring within 30 days of non-cardiovascular surgery.

☐ DF6_24
☐ DF6_25
☐ DF6_26
☐ DF6_27
☐ DF6_28
☐ DF6_29
☐ DF6_30

B. Possible non-fatal stroke

- a. History or rapid onset (approximately 48 hours from onset to time of admission or maximum acute neurologic deficit) of localizing neurologic deficit and/or change in state of consciousness, and
- 1b. Documentation of localizing neurologic deficit by unequivocal physician or laboratory finding within 6 weeks of onset with 24 hours duration of objective physician findings, or
- 2a. Discharge diagnosis with consistent primary or secondary codes (ICD-9-CM codes 431, 432, 434, 436, 437), and

☐ DF6_31
☐ DF6_32
☐ DF6_33
☐ DF6_34

2b. No evidence by unequivocal physician or laboratory findings of any other disease process or event causing focal brain deficit or coma other than cerebral infarction or hemorrhage according to hospital records.

☐ DF6_35

C. Ischemic stroke subtype classification (complete for cases of definite ischemic stroke).

DF6_36

- [☐] 1. Large-artery atherosclerosis: Clinical and brain imaging findings of either significant (>50%) stenosis or occlusion of a major brain artery or branch cortical artery, presumably due to atherosclerosis, and clinical findings of cerebral cortical impairment (aphasia, neglect, restricted motor involvement, etc.) or brain stem or cerebellar dysfunction. A history of intermittent claudication, transient ischemic attacks (TIAs) in the same vascular territory, a carotid bruit, or diminished pulses helps support the clinical diagnosis. Cortical or cerebellar lesions and brain stem or subcortical hemispheric infarcts greater than 1.5 cm in diameter on CT or MRI are considered to be of potential large-artery atherosclerotic origin. Supportive evidence by duplex imaging or arteriography of a stenosis of greater than 50% of an appropriate intracranial or extracranial artery is needed. Diagnostic studies should exclude potential sources of cardiogenic embolism. The diagnosis of stroke secondary to large-artery atherosclerosis cannot be made if duplex or arteriographic studies are normal or show only minimal changes.

*Probable ☐ DF6_36a *Possible ☐ DF6_36b

- [☐] 2. Cardioembolism: Patients with arterial occlusions presumably due to an embolus arising in the heart. Cardiac sources are divided into high-risk and medium-risk groups based on the evidence of their relative propensities for embolism. At least one cardiac source for an embolus must be identified for a possible or probable diagnosis of cardioembolic stroke. Clinical and brain imaging findings are similar to those described for large-artery atherosclerosis. Evidence of a previous TIA or stroke in more than one vascular territory or systemic embolism supports a clinical diagnosis of cardiogenic stroke. Potential large-artery atherosclerotic sources of thrombosis or embolism should be eliminated. A stroke in a patient with a medium-risk cardiac source of embolism and no other cause of stroke is classified as a possible cardioembolic stroke.

DF6_37

*Probable ☐ DF6_37a *Possible ☐ DF6_37b

- [☐] 3. Small-artery occlusion (lacune): Patients whose strokes are often labeled as lacunar infarcts in other classifications. The patient should have one of the traditional clinical lacunar syndromes and should not have evidence of cerebral cortical dysfunction (aphasia, neglect, restricted motor involvement, etc.). A history of diabetes mellitus or hypertension supports the clinical diagnosis. The patient should also have a normal CT/MRI examination or a relevant brain stem or subcortical hemispheric lesion with a diameter of less than 1.5 cm demonstrated. Potential cardiac sources for embolism should be absent, and evaluation of the large extracranial arteries should not demonstrate a stenosis of greater than 50% in an ipsilateral artery.

DF6_38

*Probable ☐ DF6_38a *Possible ☐ DF6_38b

* A **probable** diagnosis is made if the clinical findings, neuroimaging data, and results of diagnostic studies are consistent with one subtype and other etiologies have been excluded. A **possible** diagnosis is made when the

clinical findings and neuroimaging data suggest a specific subtype but other studies are not done.

- [] 4. Acute stroke of other determined etiology: Patients with rare causes of stroke, such as non atherosclerotic vasculopathies, hypercoagulable states, or hematologic disorders. Patients in this group should have clinical and CT or MRI findings of an acute ischemic stroke, regardless of the size or location. Diagnostic studies such as blood tests or arteriography should reveal one of these unusual causes of stroke. Cardiac sources of embolism and large-artery atherosclerosis should be excluded by other studies. [DF6_39](#)
- [] 5. Stroke of undetermined etiology: In several instances, the cause of a stroke cannot be determined with any degree of confidence. Some patients will have no likely etiology determined despite an extensive evaluation. In others, no cause is found but the evaluation was cursory. This category also includes patients with two or more potential causes of stroke so that the physician is unable to make a final diagnosis. For example, a patient with a medium-risk cardiac source of embolism who also has another possible cause of stroke identified would be classified as having a stroke of undetermined etiology. Other examples would be a patient who has atrial fibrillation and an ipsilateral stenosis of 50%, or the patient with a traditional lacunar syndrome and an ipsilateral carotid stenosis of 50%. [DF6_39a](#)

COMMENTS: [DF6_40](#)

3. DEFINITE CORONARY HEART DISEASE (CHD)

- a. Cardiac cath proven coronary artery disease (1 or more vessels \geq 50% stenosis), **or** ☐ [DF6_40](#)
- b. PTCA, **or** ☐ [DF6_42](#)
- c. Coronary artery bypass grafting, **or** ☐ [DF6_43](#)
- d1. Abnormal stress ECG, **and** ☐ [DF6_44](#)
- d2. Abnormal imaging, **or** ☐ [DF6_45](#)
- e. Positive functional test of ischemia (such as treadmill) ☐ [DF6_46](#)

COMMENTS: [DF6_47](#)

4. HEART FAILURE (if yes, fill out Heart Failure form)

Two major criteria or one major and two minor criteria:

- a. Major criteria
- ☐ i. Paroxysmal nocturnal dyspnea or Orthopnea [DF6_48](#)
 - ☐ ii. Neck vein distention [DF6_49](#)
 - ☐ iii. Rales [DF6_50](#)
 - ☐ iv. Cardiomegaly [DF6_51](#)
 - ☐ v. Acute pulmonary edema [DF6_52](#)
 - ☐ vi. S3 gallop [DF6_53](#)
 - ☐ vii. Increased venous pressure >16cm water [DF6_54](#)
 - ☐ viii. Circulation time ≥ 25 seconds [DF6_55](#)
 - ☐ ix. Hepatojugular reflux [DF6_56](#)
- b. Minor criteria
- ☐ i. Ankle edema [DF6_57](#)
 - ☐ ii. Night cough [DF6_58](#)
 - ☐ iii. Dyspnea on exertion [DF6_59](#)
 - ☐ iv. Hepatomegaly [DF6_60](#)
 - ☐ v. Pleural effusion [DF6_61](#)
 - ☐ vi. Vital capacity reduced by one-third from maximum [DF6_62](#)
 - ☐ vii. Tachycardia (rate of ≥ 120/min.) [DF6_63](#)
- c. Major or minor criteria
- ☐ i. Weight loss > 4.5kg in 5 days in response to treatment [DF6_64](#)

AND

- d. ☐ No known non-cardiac process leading to fluid overload such as renal failure [DF6_65](#)

COMMENTS: [DF6_66](#)

5. OTHER NON-FATAL CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE

- a. **Purposely left blank – CHF moved to #4 above**
- ☐ b. CHF secondary to ESRD (diagnosis = 10) [DF6_67](#)
 - ☐ c. Cardiomyopathy [DF6_68](#)
 - ☐ d. Valvular Heart Disease [DF6_69](#)
 - ☐ e. Left Ventricular Hypertrophy [DF6_70](#)
 - ☐ f. Atrial Fibrillation [DF6_71](#)
 - ☐ g. Non-coronary heart surgery or carotid or other vascular surgery (does not include procedures for PVD) [DF6_72](#)
 - ☐ h. Pacemaker implantation [DF6_73](#)
 - ☐ i. Positive non-coronary angiography (does not include procedures for PVD) [DF6_74](#)
 - ☐ j. Arrhythmia [DF6_75](#)
 - ☐ k. Angina pectoris (Class 2 chest pain, or relieved by nitroglycerides; diagnosis = 07) [DF6_76](#)
 - ☐ l. PVD (either peripheral arterial surgical procedures, angiogram or amputation) [DF6_77](#)
 - ☐ m. Aortic aneurysm [DF6_78](#)

If there was coronary or peripheral vascular procedure done, fill out CVD Test Procedures form or Peripheral Vascular Procedure form.

COMMENTS: [DF6_79](#)

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION:

Reviewer code: _____ [REV_CODE](#)

Review date: _____ [REV_DATE](#)

month day year

**THE STRONG HEART STUDY VI
CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN AMERICAN INDIANS**

**MORBIDITY SURVEY
Cardiovascular Test Procedures Abstract**

ID number: _____

1. **WAS CATHETERIZATION/ANGIOGRAM DONE?**
Yes _____1 No (**Go to Q18**) _____2

Yes, but no report _____3

2. If YES, When? _____/_____/_____
month day year

3. Where: _____
Hospital/Clinic City/State

Was Any Vessel \geq 50% Stenotic in ...

	Yes	No	Uncertain	Unknown
4. Left Main:	____ 1	____ 2	____ 8	____ 9
5. Left anterior descending:	____ 1	____ 2	____ 8	____ 9
6. Right coronary:	____ 1	____ 2	____ 8	____ 9
7. Circumflex artery:	____ 1	____ 2	____ 8	____ 9

8. **Ejection Fraction (%):** _____

777= normal, % not specified
999=unknown/no response

888=abnormal, % not specified

9. **Left Ventricular Function:** Normal _____1 Assessed, results not specified _____3
Depressed _____2 Not assessed (**Go to Q17**) _____9

10. Was Akinetic Wall Observed?

Yes _____1 No (**Go to Q15**) _____2 Uncertain _____8 Unknown _____9

	Yes	No	Uncertain	Unknown
11. Anterior:	____ 1	____ 2	____ 8	____ 9
12. Inferior:	____ 1	____ 2	____ 8	____ 9
13. Apex:	____ 1	____ 2	____ 8	____ 9
14. Diffuse:	____ 1	____ 2	____ 8	____ 9

Finding of Valvular Function:

Yes No Uncertain Unknown

15. Mitral regurgitation: 1 2 8 9

16. Aortic regurgitation: 1 2 8 9

17. **Was Angioplasty performed?** ☐1 ☐2 ☐8 ☐9

18. WAS COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC CALCIUM SCORING DONE?

Yes |_____|1 No (**Go to Q22**) |_____|2 Yes, but no report |_____|3

19. If YES, When? |_|_|_|/|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|
month day year

20. Where: _____

Hospital/Clinic City/State

21. **Agotston score:** | | | | |

22. WAS TREADMILL EXERCISE TEST DONE?

Yes |_____|1 No (**Go to Q29**) |_____|2 Yes, but no report |_____|3

23. If YES, When? |_|_|_|/|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|
month day year

24. Where: _____

Hospital/Clinic City/State

25. Treadmill ECG:

Normal |___|1 Borderline |___|2 Abnormal |___|3 Inconclusive |___|8 No report |___|9

26. Maximum heart rate (beats/minute): 999=no report | |

27. Maximum systolic blood pressure (mmHg): 999=no report | | |

28. Treadmill time (round to nearest whole number minute): 99=no report

29. WAS THALLIUM TEST, OR OTHER NUCLEAR IMAGE TEST DONE?

Yes |_____|1 No (**Go to Q34**) |_____|2 Yes, but no report |_____|3

30. If YES, When? |_|_|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|
month day year

31. Where: _____

Hospital/Clinic City/State

32. What Stress: Exercise 1 Adenosine 2 Dobutamine 3 Other Drug 4

33. Test results: Positive |____|₁ Negative |____|₂ Equivocal |____|₃ No report |____|₉

MORBIDITY SURVEY
PERIPHERAL VASCULAR PROCEDURES/REVASCUARIZATION ABSTRACT

A horizontal number line with 7 vertical tick marks, creating 6 equal intervals. The tick marks are evenly spaced along the line.

Peripheral Vascular Procedures

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION:

34. Reviewer code |_|_|_|_|

35. Review date: |_|_|_|/|_|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|
month day year

a. If yes, when? / /
month day year

b. Where: _____

3. **Was amputation (ICD-9 procedure codes 84.10 – 84.19) performed?**

Yes |₁ No |₂ (**Go to Q4.**) Yes, but no report |₉

a. If yes, which side? Right | Left | Both |

b. Which part?

Upper body, Arm=1, Hand=2, Finger=3, |

Lower body, Above knee=1, Below knee=2, |
Foot=3, Toe(s)=4

b. When: / /
month day year

c. Where: _____

4. **Was carotid angioplasty/stenting done?**

Yes |₁ No |₂ (**Go to Q5.**) Yes, but no report |₉

a. If yes, which side? Right | Left | Both |

b. If yes, when? / /
month day year

c. Where: _____

5. **Was carotid endarterectomy done?**

Yes |₁ No |₂ (**Go to end.**) Yes, but no report |₉

a. If yes, which side? Right | Left | Both |

b. When: / /
month day year

c. Where: _____

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION:

5. Reviewer code:

6. Review date: / /
month day year

Instructions: The same procedures used for the ongoing surveillance in each center should be used, including evaluation of clinic charts and/or use of the IHS computerized records as well as direct contact with participants when necessary.

The purpose of this study is to derive an estimate of the proportion of participants who have undergone diagnostic or therapeutic procedures documenting definite lower extremity peripheral arterial disease since the Phase III SHS examination, and the proportion thereof for whom the necessary records are still available. Therefore, medical records for hospitalizations or outpatient encounters dealing with the diagnostic or procedural codes listed below and occurring since 1 January 1998 should be requested and reports of the procedures of interest should be obtained. Earlier events that correspond to the same procedures should be noted but charts need not be abstracted.

The following diagnostic codes should be identified:

For Peripheral Angiograms: ICD-9 procedure code **88.48**

For Peripheral Angioplasty: ICD-9 procedure code **39.50**

For Peripheral Surgical Revascularization: ICD-9 procedure codes **39.25 and 39.29**

For Amputation: ICD-9 procedure codes **84.10-84.19**

For Carotid Endarterectomy: ICD-9 procedure code **38.12**

For Angioplasty: ICD-9 procedure code **00.61**

For Stenting: ICD-9 procedure code **00.45**

**THE STRONG HEART STUDY VI
CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN AMERICAN INDIANS**

HEART FAILURE PROCEDURES

SHS ID: | | | | | | | |

Date of Event: | | | | / | | | | / | | | |
month day year

A. ATRIAL FIBRILLATION AT TIME OF HF? Yes | | | 1 No | | | 2 Unknown | | | 9

B. WHICH IMAGING STUDY WAS PERFORMED DURING THIS ADMISSION? Please check ALL that were done. If more than one imaging study was done in the same admission, please use one of these forms for EACH IMAGING STUDY to record the results of that study.

| | | 1 Echocardiogram

| | | 2 Nuclear Imaging

| | | 3 Invasive Angiogram

| | | 4 CT Angiogram

| | | 5 MRI Angiogram

| | | 6 Other, Specify: _____

| | | 7 Not sure, no results found in chart

| | | 8 None

If not sure or none, skip to Q8.

1. Name of test: _____

2. Date of test: | | | | / | | | | / | | | |
month day year

3. Facility name: _____

City/State: _____

4. Ejection fraction: Measured: | | | | % Estimated: | | | | %

If % not stated, 777 = normal, or range $\geq 50\%$ 888 = abnormal, or range $< 50\%$ 999 = unknown/no response

5. Ejection fraction interpretation: Normal | | | 1 Depressed | | | 2 NR | | | 9

6. Segmental wall motion abnormalities? Yes | | | 1 No | | | 2 NR | | | 9

If yes, degree of abnormality: Mild | | | 1 Moderate | | | 2 Severe | | | 3 Unknown | | | 9

7. Transmitral time: E Velocity: _____ cm/sec A Velocity: _____ cm/sec Peak E/A Ratio: _____

Decel. Time: _____ msec IVRT: _____ Septal E': _____ Peak S': _____ Septal A': _____

SHS ID: | | | | | | | |

8. Valvular disease?

Yes | | | 1 No | | | 2 Unknown | | | 9

If No or Unknown, go to Q9.

If Yes,

a. Mitral regurgitation/insufficiency:

1+ | | | 1 2+ | | | 2 3+ | | | 3 4+ | | | 4 Unknown | | | 9

b. Mitral stenosis:

Mild | | | 1 Moderate | | | 2 Severe | | | 3 Unknown | | | 9

c. Aortic regurgitation/insufficiency:

1+ | | | 1 2+ | | | 2 3+ | | | 3 4+ | | | 4 Unknown | | | 9

d. Aortic stenosis:

Mild | | | 1 Moderate | | | 2 Severe | | | 3 Unknown | | | 9

e. Tricuspid regurgitation:

1+ | | | 1 2+ | | | 2 3+ | | | 3 4+ | | | 4 Unknown | | | 9

9. Right ventricular systolic pressure/PA systolic pressure (mmHg):

| | | | |

If not stated, 777 = normal 888 = abnormal 999 = unknown/no response

C. B-TYPE NATRIURETIC PEPTIDE (BT-BNP): _____ pg/ml. Upper Limit of Normal: _____ pg/ml

N-TYPE NATRIURETIC PEPTIDE (NT-BNP): _____ pg/ml. Upper Limit of Normal: _____ pg/ml

D. CARDIOMYOPATHY DIAGNOSIS: Ischemic: _____ Non-Ischemic: _____ Hypertrophic: _____

Valvular disease: _____ Acute MI: _____ NR | | | 9

No cardiomyopathy _____

Reviewer Code: | | | | | |

Review Date: | | | | | / | | | | | / | | | | |
month day year

**STRONG HEART STUDY VI
CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN AMERICAN INDIANS**

**CHECKLIST FOR MEDICAL RECORDS REVIEW
MORTALITY SURVEILLANCE -- CVD and NON-CVD**

Admission date: | | | | / | | | | / | | | | |
mo day year

ID Number: | | | | | | | |

For each hospital admission WITHIN the YEAR prior to death, obtain electronic records or photocopies of each of the following sections of the medical history (when available) and assemble them for each admission. Be sure that photocopies are legible.

1. a. Hospital name: _____
b. Hospital location _____

2. Date of discharge: | | | | / | | | | / | | | | |
month day year

3. Enter the ICD-9 or ICD-10 code numbers for the hospital discharge diagnoses and procedure codes recorded in the medical record exactly as they appear on the front sheet of the medical record and/or on the discharge summary. Record diagnoses if no codes are available.

Indicate which code numbers entered: ICD-9 | | | |₁ or ICD-10 | | | |₂

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| 1. • | 8. • |
| 2. • | 9. • |
| 3. • | 10. • |
| 4. • | 11. • |
| 5. • | 12. • |
| 6. • | 13. • |
| 7. • | 14. • |

RENAL DIALYSIS AND TRANSPLANT

Provide answers to Question 4 only for the last admission within 12 months prior to death.

4. Was the participant receiving kidney dialysis during this hospital visit? Yes | | | |₁ No | | | |₂
If yes, was dialysis started during this admission? Yes | | | |₁ No | | | |₂
Did participant request stopping dialysis during this hospitalization? Yes | | | |₁ No | | | |₂
5. Has this participant ever had a kidney transplant? Yes | | | |₁ No | | | |₂

6. **FOR MORTALITY REVIEW:** Obtain the following medical records (when available) for this final admission. In addition, obtain these medical records for each hospitalization **WITHIN** the YEAR prior to death (and **assemble them for each admission.**

FOR MORBIDITY REVIEW: Obtain the following medical records (when available) for each hospitalization or outpatient visit since this participant's last morbidity chart review (and **assemble them for each admission.** Be sure that photocopies are legible.

	YES	NO	DONE, No Report
Admission Sheets (Face Sheets)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Admitting History and Physical Exam	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Discharge Summary	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
ECGs	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Cardiac Enzyme (including Troponin)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Reports of results of:			
Chest X-ray	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Echocardiogram	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Angiogram	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Exercise tolerance test (Treadmill)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Cardiac catheterization	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
CT (CAT) scan	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
MRI	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Carotid ultrasound	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Lumbar puncture	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Creatinine	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Liver Function test	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Pathology	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9
Cultures	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 9

Other Laboratory results, SPECIFY:

_____	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9
_____	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9
_____	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9

Operative reports:

Coronary bypass	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9
Angioplasty	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9
Swan-Ganz catheterization	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9
Non-CVD operation	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9

For terminal Event Only:

Ambulance report	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9
ER Admission and Discharge Summary	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9
Any clinical notes regarding DOA	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9
Autopsy Report/ Coroner's Report	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9
From IHS clinic chart (if available), photocopy notes and test results from the most recent visit prior to death	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 2	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> 9

Abstractor Number

Date abstract completed: //
month day year

**THE STRONG HEART STUDY VI
CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN AMERICAN INDIANS**

MORTALITY SURVEY – FINAL DECISION

ID number: _____ IDNO

Date of death: ____/____/____ DOD Age at death: ____ AOD
month day year

A. Cause of death, choose from the list below:

Cause of death: ____ FD6_1

Contributory cause of death 1: ____ FD6_2

Contributory cause of death 2: ____ FD6_3

- 01 = Definite myocardial infarction
- 1a = Probable myocardial infarction
- 02 = Definite sudden death due to coronary heart disease
- 03 = Definite coronary heart disease
- 04 = Possible coronary heart disease
- 05 = Definite stroke
- 06 = Possible stroke
- 07 = Definite congestive heart failure
- 08 = Possible congestive heart failure
- 09 = Other cardiovascular diseases, specify: ____ FD6_4

If is Non-CVD death, choose one from the following list and complete the evidence code:

Evidence Code: ____ FD6_5
(up to 3 Codes) ____ FD6_6
____ FD6_7

- | | |
|---|---|
| 21 = Malignant neoplasm;
primary site: ____ FD6_8 | 01 = Pathology Report |
| 22 = Unintentional injury and adverse effects/MVA | 02 = Clinical Diagnosis only |
| 23 = Unintentional injury and adverse effects/all other | 03 = Pulmonary function test |
| 24 = Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
and allied conditions | 04 = Blood glucose test |
| 25 = Pneumonia and influenza | 05 = Abnormal liver function tests |
| 26 = Diabetes mellitus | 06 = Abnormal kidney function test |
| 27 = Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis | 07 = Positive culture (blood or sputum) |
| 28 = Suicide | 08 = Positive antibody test |
| 29 = Homicide and legal intervention | 09 = Positive blood test (any type) |
| 30 = Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis | 10 = Autopsy |
| 31 = ESRD | 11 = Police/Coroner's investigation |
| 32 = Septicemia | 12 = Other medical records evidence |
| 33 = HIV/AIDS | Specify: ____ FD6_9 |
| 88 = Other, specify: ____ FD6_10 | |
| 99 = Can not be determined. | |

Was the death alcohol related? Yes ____|1 No ____|2 Unknown ____|9 FD6_11

**THE STRONG HEART STUDY VI
CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN AMERICAN INDIANS
MORTALITY SURVEY PACKET CHECKLIST**

ID number: |_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|

- | | | | |
|-----|--|------------|-----------|
| 1. | Death Certificate | Yes _ _ 1 | No _ _ 2 |
| 2. | Autopsy performed | Yes _ _ 1 | No _ _ 2 |
| 3. | Autopsy report | Yes _ _ 1 | No _ _ 2 |
| 4. | Medical Records Checklist | Yes _ _ 1 | No _ _ 2 |
| 5. | Copy reports as specified | Yes _ _ 1 | No _ _ 2 |
| 6. | Check if the decedent is eligible for the morbidity survey and proceed as required by the morbidity survey protocol. | Yes _ _ 1 | No _ _ 2 |
| 7. | Check if tracking form was sent | Yes _ _ 1 | No _ _ 2 |
| 8. | Informant Interview Form | Yes _ _ 1 | No _ _ 2 |
| 9. | Was he/she in a nursing home at the time of death? | | |
| | Yes _ _ 1 No _ _ 2 Unknown _ _ 9 | | |
| 10. | Was he/she receiving care from a home hospice care program at the time of death? | | |
| | Yes _ _ 1 No _ _ 2 Unknown _ _ 9 | | |

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION:

SHS staff code: |_|_|_|_|_|

Completion date: |_|_|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|
month
day
year

B. Criteria used for the cause of death: (Please check the appropriate boxes.)

01. Definite fatal myocardial infarction

- [] 1(a) Definite MI within 4 weeks of death by criteria: Yes No [FD6_12](#)
- | | | | | |
|----|----------------------------------|------|------|------------------------|
| 1. | Evolving diagnostic ECG*, or | __ 1 | __ 2 | FD6_13 |
| 2. | Diagnostic biomarkers (2 x ULN)* | __ 1 | __ 2 | FD6_14 |

OR

- [] 1(b) Acute MI diagnosed by autopsy [FD6_15](#)

AND

- [] 2. No known non-atherosclerotic or noncardiac-atherosclerotic condition that was probably lethal according to death certificate, autopsy report, hospital records, or physician records. [FD6_16](#)

1a. Probable fatal MI

- [] 1. Death within 28 days of hospital admission, cases defined as: [FD6_26](#)
- | | Yes | No | |
|--|------|------|------------------------|
| 1a. Positive ECG findings plus cardiac symptoms or signs
Without biomarkers, or | __ 1 | __ 2 | FD6_27 |
| 1b. Positive ECG findings plus equivocal biomarkers | __ 1 | __ 2 | FD6_28 |

OR

- [] 2. Death within 6 hours of hospital admission with cardiac symptoms and/or signs. Other confirmatory data (biomarkers, ECG) are absent or non-diagnostic. [FD6_29](#)

*** For ECG and cardiac biomarker definitions, please refer to: SHS VI Manual, Section 2.3.**

02. Definite sudden death due to CHD

- [] 1. Death witnessed as occurring within 1 hour after the onset of cardiac symptoms (prolonged cardiac pain, shortness of breath, fainting) or within 1 hour after the subject was last seen without symptoms. [FD6_30](#)

AND

- [] 2. No documentation of acute MI within 4 weeks prior to death. [FD6_31](#)

AND

- [] 3. No known non-atherosclerotic or noncardiac-atherosclerotic process that was probably lethal according to death certificate, autopsy report, hospital records or physician report. [FD6_32](#)

03. Definite fatal CHD

- [] 1. Death certificate with consistent underlying or immediate causes, **AND** [FD6_33](#)
- [] 2. No documentation of definite acute MI within 4 weeks prior to death, **AND** [FD6_34](#)
- [] 3. Criteria for sudden death not met (above), **AND** [FD6_35](#)
- [] 4. No known non-atherosclerotic or noncardiac-atherosclerotic process or [FD6_36](#) event that was probably lethal according to death certificate, autopsy report, hospital records, or physician records,

AND

- [] 5(a) Previous history of MI according to relative, physician, or hospital records, [FD6_37](#)
OR
- [] 5(b) Autopsy reporting severe atherosclerotic-coronary artery disease or old MI without acute MI (50% proximal narrowing of two major vessels or 75% proximal narrowing of one more vessel, if anatomic details given.), [FD6_38](#)
OR
- [] 5(c) Death occurring greater than 1 and less than or equal to 24 hours after the onset of severe cardiac symptoms or after subject was last seen without symptoms (without meeting criteria for Probable MI), [FD6_39](#)
OR
- [] 5(d) Angiogram reporting severe ($\geq 50\%$ narrowing) atherosclerotic coronary artery disease, [FD6_40](#)
OR
- [] 5(e) Other positive physical signs or lab findings. [FD6_41](#)

04. Possible fatal CHD

- [] 1. No documentation by criteria of definite acute MI within 4 weeks prior to death, [FD6_42](#)
AND
- [] 2. No documentation by criteria of definite sudden death, [FD6_43](#)
AND
- [] 3. No documentation by criteria of definite fatal CHD, [FD6_44](#)
AND
- [] 4. Death certificate with consistent underlying or immediate cause, [FD6_45](#)
AND
- [] 5. No known non-atherosclerotic or noncardiac-atherosclerotic process that was probably lethal according to death certificate, autopsy report, hospital records, or physician records. [FD6_46](#)

05. Definite fatal stroke (also complete 6.1, 6.2 and Supplemental Form)

- [] 1a. Cerebral infarction or hemorrhage diagnosed at autopsy, [FD6_47](#)
AND
- [] 1b. No other known disease process or event such as brain tumor, subdural hematoma, metabolic disorder or peripheral lesion that could cause focal neurologic deficit, with or without coma, according to death certificate, autopsy, hospital records, or physician records, [FD6_48](#)
OR

- [] 2a. History of rapid onset (approximately 48 hours from onset to time to admission or maximum acute neurologic deficit) of focal neurologic deficit with or without change in state of consciousness, FD6_49
- AND**
- [] 2b. Focal neurologic deficit within 6 weeks of death documented by unequivocal physician or laboratory findings with 24 hours duration of objective physician findings, FD6_50
- AND**
- [] 2c. No other known disease process or event such as brain tumor, subdural hematoma, metabolic disorder, or peripheral lesion that could cause focal neurologic deficit, with or without coma, according to death certificate, autopsy, hospital records, or physician records, FD6_51

06. Possible (Undocumented) fatal stroke

- [] 1. Death certificate consistent with underlying or immediate cause (ICD-9, code 431 – 437), but neither autopsy evidence nor adequate pre-terminal documentation of the event, FD6_52
- AND**
- [] 2. No evidence at autopsy examination of the brain, if performed, of any disease process that could cause focal neurologic signs that would not be connected with cerebral infarction or hemorrhage. FD6_53
- OR**
- [] 3. Focal neurological deficit and death within 24 hours, without MRI or other diagnostic image. FD6_54

Stroke subtype classification (complete for cases of definite fatal stroke).

- [] 1. Stroke of unknown type etiology: Definite stroke of unknown etiology when CT or MRI not done. Information is inadequate to diagnose ischemic (infarction), intracerebral hemorrhage, or subarachnoid hemorrhage. FD6_55
- [] 2. Definite ischemic stroke: CT or MRI scan within 14 days of onset of a focal neurological deficit lasting more than 24 hours with evidence of brain infarction (mottled cerebral pattern or decreased density in a defined vascular territory), no intraparenchymal or subarachnoid hemorrhage by CT/MRI. A nonvascular etiology must be absent. FD6_56
- [] 3. Definite primary intracerebral hemorrhage: Focal neurological deficit lasting more than 24 hours. Confirmation of intraparenchymal hemorrhage in a compatible location, not caused by trauma, with CT/MRI scan within 14 days of stroke. FD6_57
- [] 4. Subarachnoid hemorrhage: Sudden onset of a headache, neck stiffness, loss of consciousness. There may be a focal neurological deficit, but neck stiffness is more prominent. Blood in the subarachnoid or intraventricular space by CT/MRI, not caused by trauma. FD6_58
- [] 5. Non-fatal stroke after cardiovascular invasive interventions: Stroke associated with the intervention within 30 days of cardiovascular surgery, or within 7 days of cardiac catheterization, arrhythmia ablation, angioplasty, atherectomy, stent deployment or other invasive coronary or peripheral vascular interventions. FD6_59
- [] 6. Non-fatal stroke post non-cardiovascular surgery: Stroke occurring within 30 days of non-cardiovascular surgery. FD6_60

Ischemic stroke subtype classification (complete for cases of definite ischemic stroke).

- [] 1. Large-artery atherosclerosis: Clinical and brain imaging findings of either significant (>50%) stenosis or occlusion of a major brain artery or branch cortical artery, presumably due to atherosclerosis, and clinical findings of cerebral cortical impairment (aphasia, neglect, restricted motor involvement, etc.) or brain stem or cerebellar dysfunction. A history of intermittent claudication, transient ischemic attacks (TIAs) in the same vascular territory, a carotid bruit, or diminished pulses helps support the clinical diagnosis. Cortical or cerebellar lesions and brain stem or subcortical hemispheric infarcts greater than 1.5 cm in diameter on CT or MRI are considered to be of potential large-artery atherosclerotic origin. Supportive evidence by duplex imaging or arteriography of a stenosis of greater than 50% of an appropriate intracranial or extracranial artery is needed. Diagnostic studies should exclude potential sources of cardiogenic embolism. The diagnosis of stroke secondary to large-artery atherosclerosis cannot be made if duplex or arteriographic studies are normal or show only minimal changes. FD6_61

*Probable ☐ FD6_61a *Possible ☐ FD6_61b

- [] 2. Cardioembolism: Patients with arterial occlusions presumably due to an embolus arising in the heart. Cardiac sources are divided into high-risk and medium-risk groups based on the evidence of their relative propensities for embolism. At least one cardiac source for an embolus must be identified for a possible or probable diagnosis of cardioembolic stroke. Clinical and brain imaging findings are similar to those described for large-artery atherosclerosis. Evidence of a previous TIA or stroke in more than one vascular territory or systemic embolism supports a clinical diagnosis of cardiogenic stroke. Potential large-artery atherosclerotic sources of thrombosis or embolism should be eliminated. A stroke in a patient with a medium-risk cardiac source of embolism and no other cause of stroke is classified as a possible cardioembolic stroke. FD6_62

*Probable ☐ FD6_62a *Possible ☐ FD6_62b

- [] 3. Small-artery occlusion (lacune): Patients whose strokes are often labeled as lacunar infarcts in other classifications. The patient should have one of the traditional clinical lacunar syndromes and should not have evidence of cerebral cortical dysfunction (aphasia, neglect, restricted motor involvement, etc.). A history of diabetes mellitus or hypertension supports the clinical diagnosis. The patient should also have a normal CT/MRI examination or a relevant brain stem or subcortical hemispheric lesion with a diameter of less than 1.5 cm demonstrated. Potential cardiac sources for embolism should be absent, and evaluation of the large extracranial arteries should not demonstrate a stenosis of greater than 50% in an ipsilateral artery. FD6_63

*Probable ☐ FD6_63a *Possible ☐ FD6_63b

* A **probable** diagnosis is made if the clinical findings, neuroimaging data, and results of diagnostic studies are consistent with one subtype and other etiologies have been excluded. A **possible** diagnosis is made when the clinical findings and neuroimaging data suggest a specific subtype but other studies are not done.

- [] 4. Acute stroke of other determined etiology: Patients with rare causes of stroke, such as non atherosclerotic vasculopathies, hypercoagulable states, or hematologic disorders. Patients in this group should have clinical and CT or MRI findings of an acute ischemic stroke, regardless of the size or location. Diagnostic studies such as blood tests or arteriography should reveal one of these unusual causes of stroke. Cardiac sources of embolism and large-artery atherosclerosis should be excluded by other studies. [FD6_64](#)
- [] 5. Stroke of undetermined etiology: In several instances, the cause of a stroke cannot be determined with any degree of confidence. Some patients will have no likely etiology determined despite an extensive evaluation. In others, no cause is found but the evaluation was cursory. This category also includes patients with two or more potential causes of stroke so that the physician is unable to make a final diagnosis. For example, a patient with a medium-risk cardiac source of embolism who also has another possible cause of stroke identified would be classified as having a stroke of undetermined etiology. Other examples would be a patient who has atrial fibrillation and an ipsilateral stenosis of 50%, or the patient with a traditional lacunar syndrome and an ipsilateral carotid stenosis of 50%. [FD6_65](#)

07. Definite fatal congestive heart failure (**Please fill out the HF PROCEDURE FORM**)

Two major criteria or one major and two minor criteria:

a. Major criteria

- [] i. Paroxysmal nocturnal dyspnea or Orthopnea [FD6_66](#)
- [] ii. Neck vein distention [FD6_67](#)
- [] iii. Rales [FD6_68](#)
- [] iv. Cardiomegaly [FD6_69](#)
- [] v. Acute pulmonary edema [FD6_70](#)
- [] vi. S3 gallop [FD6_71](#)
- [] vii. Increased venous pressure >16cm water [FD6_72](#)
- [] viii. Circulation time ≥ 25 seconds [FD6_73](#)
- [] ix. Hepatojugular reflux [FD6_74](#)

b. Minor criteria

- [] i. Ankle edema [FD6_75](#)
- [] ii. Night cough [FD6_76](#)
- [] iii. Dyspnea on exertion [FD6_77](#)
- [] iv. Hepatomegaly [FD6_78](#)
- [] v. Pleural effusion [FD6_79](#)
- [] vi. Vital capacity reduced by one-third from maximum [FD6_80](#)
- [] vii. Tachycardia (rate of ≥ 120/min.) [FD6_81](#)

c. Major or minor criteria

- [] i. Weight loss > 4.5kg in 5 days in response to treatment [FD6_82](#)

AND

- d. [] No known non-cardiac process leading to fluid overload such as renal failure [FD6_83](#)

08. Possible fatal congestive heart failure

- [] Death certificate or medical records with consistent underlying or immediate cause, but neither autopsy evidence nor adequate pre-terminal documentation of the event. [FD6_84](#)

09. Other fatal cardiovascular diseases

- [] i. Death certificate or medical records with consistent underlying or immediate Cause. Check that applies. [FD6_85](#)

- [] ii When death certificates are the only source of information: ICD9: 390 to 398, 402, 404 to 429; ICD 10: I00 to I09, I11, I13, I20 to I25, I27, I30 to I52. Check that applies. [FD6_86](#)

ICD – 9	ICD – 10	Disease	
390-392	I00-I02	Acute rheumatic fever	[] FD6_87
393-398	I05-I09	Chronic rheumatic heart disease	[] FD6_88
402	I11	Hypertensive heart disease	[] FD6_89
404-405		Hypertensive disease	[] FD6_90
410-414	I20-I25	Ischemic heart disease	[] FD6_91
415-417		Diseases of pulmonary circulation	[] FD6_92
420-429		Other forms of heart disease	[] FD6_93
429.2		Cardiovascular disease, unspecified	[] FD6_94
431-437		Cerebrovascular disease	[] FD6_95
799		Ill-defined or unknown	[] FD6_96
	I13	Hypertensive heart and renal disease	[] FD6_97
	I27	Other pulmonary heart disease	[] FD6_98
	I30-I52	Other forms of heart disease	[] FD6_99
443.9	I73.9	Peripheral vascular disease	[] FD6_100

Comment: [FD6_101](#)

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION:

Reviewer code: [REV_CODE](#)

Review date: / / [REV_DATE](#)
month day year

Coordinating Center Use Only

Reviewer: [REV_NO](#)

First review 1 Second review 2 Stroke review 3 Adjudication 9

SUPPLEMENTAL STROKE FORM - Mortality and Morbidity Surveys
(Complete for mortality codes 5 or 6 and morbidity codes 3, 4 or 8)

Month day year

YES NO

8. CAROTID DUPLEX |__|9
- No (go to Q 9) |__|2
- Yes, but no report |__|3

- | | | | |
|-----|---|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| 9. | <i>TRANSCRANIAL DOPPLER (TCD)</i> | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | No, (go to Q 10) | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 |
| | | Yes, but no report | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 |
| 10. | <i>MAGNETIC RESONANCE ANGIOGRAPHY (MRA)</i> | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | No (go to Q 11) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | Yes, but no report | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 11. | <i>CT ANGIOGRAPHY</i> | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | No (go to Q 12) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | Yes, but no report | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 12. | <i>ANGIOGRAPHY</i> | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | No, (go to Q 13) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | Yes, but no report | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |

D. STROKE DEFICIT

- | | | | |
|-----|---|-------|--------------------------|
| 13. | MODIFIED RANKIN SCALE | (0-5) | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | (Code Maximal Severity Within 7 Days of Stroke) | | |

0 = no symptoms at all

1 = no significant disability despite symptoms: able to carry out all usual duties and activities

2 = slight disability: unable to carry out all previous activities but able to look after own affairs without assistance

3 = moderate disability: requiring some help, but able to walk without assistance

4 = moderately severe disability: unable to walk without assistance, and unable to attend to own bodily needs without assistance

5 = severe disability: bedridden, incontinent, and requiring constant nursing care and attention

9 = information insufficient for coding

E. STROKE TREATMENT

- | | | | |
|-----|--|-----|-----------------------------|
| 14. | Intravenous thrombolysis | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | No | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 15. | Presentation within 3 hours from symptom onset | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | No | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |

F. BRAIN EXAMINATION AT AUTOPSY

- | | | | |
|--|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | No | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | | Yes, but no report | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION:

Reviewer code: |_|_|_|

Review date: |_|_|/|_|_|/|_|_|_|_|
Month day year

**THE STRONG HEART STUDY VI
CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN AMERICAN INDIANS**

**MORTALITY SURVEY
INFORMANT INTERVIEW**

ID number:

|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|

A. DECEDENT (*Completed by study center staff prior to interview.*)

1. Name: _____
Last First Middle

2. Date of death: _____
month day year

B. RECORD OF CALLS or HOME VISIT TO COMPLETE INTERVIEW

	DATE (mo/day/yr)	TIME (24 hr clock)	Method of contact 1=Phone 2=Home Visit 3=Other	Contact successful 1=Yes 2=No	Interview Completed 1=Yes 2=No 9=Refused
1)	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
2)	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

C. Person Providing Information (*Completed by study center staff prior to interview.*)

3. a. Name: _____
Last First Middle

b. Address: _____

c. Telephone: () _____

4. Before we get started, could you please tell me what was your relationship to the deceased?

You are the _____ of the deceased.

5. What did the patient die from?

6. Were you present when he/she died?

Yes |_|_|1 (Go to Q8)

No |_|_|2

Unknown |_|_|9

7. If no, how long before he/she died did you last see him/her?

1 hour or less

$$| _ |^1$$

More than 24 hours

$$| _ | 3$$

24 hours or less

 $| _ _ |^2$

Unknown

|_9

8. Do you know of anyone else who may have been present at about the time of his/her death?

Yes |_____|¹

No 2

Unknown |__|9

If yes can you give me that person's name and contact information:

Contact information_____

9. Please describe the events that occurred at the time of death, specifically, did he/she manifest any of the following conditions: chest pain, shortness of breath, agitation, sudden collapse or loss of consciousness, sudden weakness, slurred speech, etc. Please tell me what you know of his/her general health, health on the day he/she died, and of the death itself. This information will be reviewed by a physician and will help to better understand the cause of your loved one's death. ***(Record summary verbatim and ask pertinent questions when appropriate attach additional sheet if needed)*** Probing Questions: Are you aware of any illnesses the individual had prior to death? If yes – how long did the person have the illness? Was the individual involved in any accidents or trauma prior to death? If yes – what type and how long prior to death.

[illegible]

The next set of questions deal specifically with the last episode of pain or discomfort that occurred before his/her death. This is defined as starting at the time you noticed discomfort that caused him/her to stop or change what he/she was doing. **NOTE TO INTERVIEWERS: If the informant has already answered these questions in the description of circumstances, just fill out the correct answer(s) as noted below.** Respect the informant's wishes about continuing the interview and record answers to as many of the following questions as possible.

10. Did his/her last episode of pain or discomfort specifically involve the chest?
 Yes ☐1 No ☐2 Unknown ☐9
11. Did he/she experience pain or discomfort in his/her chest, left arm or shoulder or jaw either just before death or within 3 days (72 hours) of death?
 Yes ☐1 No ☐2 Unknown ☐9
 (If NO or Unknown go to Q15)
12. Did he/she take nitroglycerine because of this last episode of pain or discomfort?
 Yes ☐1 No ☐2 Unknown ☐9
13. Did he/she take any other medicine for chest discomfort prior to death? Yes _____ No _____
 If yes what? _____
14. How long was it from the beginning of his/her last episode of pain or discomfort to the time he/she stopped breathing on his/her own? **(use the shortest interval known to be true)**
 5 minutes or less ☐1 24 hours or less ☐4
 10 minutes or less ☐2 More than 24 hours ☐5
 1 hour or less ☐3 Unknown ☐9
15. Did he/she ever have dialysis for kidney failure? Yes No Unknown
☐1 ☐2 ☐9
- a. If yes, what year did he/she start dialysis? ||||
- b. How many times per week did he/she receive dialysis? ||
- c. Did he/she stop dialysis before death? Yes No Unknown
☐1 ☐2 ☐9
- If yes, how long before death? |||/ |||/ |||
 days months years
16. Within 3 days of death, or just before he/she died, did any of the following symptoms begin for the first time or did the patient complain of any of these symptoms:
- | | Yes | No | Unknown |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| a. Shortness of breath? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| b. Dizziness? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| c. Palpitations (pounding in the chest)? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| d. Marked or increased fatigue, tiredness, or weakness? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| e. Headache? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| f. Sweating? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| g. Paralysis? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |

- h. Loss of speech? ☐1 ☐2 ☐9
 i. Attack of heartburn or indigestion or abdominal discomfort? ☐1 ☐2 ☐9
 j. nausea or vomiting? ☐1 ☐2 ☐9
 k. Other? specify: _____ ☐1 ☐2 ☐9

These next questions are about his/her medical history
Please provide as much information as possible

17. Before his/her final illness, had he/she ever had pains in the chest from heart disease, for example, angina pectoris?
 Yes ☐1 No ☐2 (If no, go to Q20?) Unknown ☐9
18. Did he/she ever take nitroglycerin for this pain?
 Yes ☐1 No ☐2 Unknown ☐9
19. Any other medications such as aspirin, tums or other antacids?
 Yes ☐1 No ☐2 Unknown ☐9
20. Did he/she ever have any of the following medical condition or procedures before his/her final illness?
- | | Yes | No | Unknown |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| a. heart attack? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| b. stroke? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| c. heart failure? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| d. any other heart disease or heart condition | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| If yes, specify: _____ | | | |
| e. coronary bypass surgery (CABBAGE) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| f. coronary angioplasty (balloon angioplasty) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| g. insertion of pace maker (defibrillator) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |
| h. any other heart surgery? | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 9 |

The next few questions are about his/her health in the year prior to death

21. Was he/she hospitalized or taken to a clinic
 In the year prior to death? ☐1 ☐2 ☐9
 In the month prior to death? ☐1 ☐2 ☐9
 In the 7 days prior to death? ☐1 ☐2 ☐9
22. Were any hospitalizations for heart attack or chest pain?
 Yes ☐1 No ☐2 Unknown ☐9
23. Was a hospitalization for heart surgery? Yes ☐1 No ☐2 Unknown ☐9
24. What was the date of the ***last*** hospital admission? / /
 (If unknown, draw two lines across the boxes) month day year
If the information in questions 25- 28 is already known to you, skip to Q29.

25. Can you tell me the name and location of the hospital? *(If unknown, check the box.)* ☐|
 a. Name: _____
 b. Address: _____
 City/town: _____
 State-Zip: _____
26. Was he/she seen by a physician anytime in the year prior to death?
 Yes ☐|1 No ☐|2 Unknown ☐|9
27. Can you tell me the name and address of this physician or healthcare facility? ☐|
 IHS only
 a. Name: _____
 b. Address: _____
 City/town: _____
 State-Zip: _____
28. Can you tell me the name and address of his/her usual physician?
If same as Q27, check here. ☐|
 a. Name: _____
 b. Address: _____
 City/town: _____
 State-Zip: _____
29. **Now, think back to about one month before he/she died. At that time, was he/she sick or ill; were his/her activities limited, or was he/she normally active for the most part?**
 Sick/ill/limited activities ☐|1 Normally active ☐|2 Unknown ☐|9
30. Was he/she being cared for at a nursing home or at another place at the time of death?
 Yes, nursing home, specify ☐|1 _____
 Yes, at home ☐|2 _____
 Yes, other, specify ☐|3 _____
 No ☐|4 _____
 Unknown ☐|9 _____

The next few questions are concerned specifically with emergency medical care he/she may have received just prior to or at the time of death.

31. Was he/she taken to a hospital/clinic in the week before his/her death? Yes ☐|1 No ☐|2

32. If Yes, could you tell me the name and location of this facility:

a. Name: _____

b. Address: _____

City/town: _____

State-Zip: _____

33. Is there someone else whom we could contact, who might know more about the circumstances surrounding his/her death or his/her usual state of health?

Yes ☐|1 No ☐|2 Unknown ☐|9

(If Yes, complete the front of the second Informant Interview)

34. Did informant provide consent to gather further information?

Yes ☐|1 No ☐|2 Not applicable ☐|3

**(If Yes, ask the informant to sign the consent form for us
to review the decedent's medical records)**

35. How reliable was the participant in completing the questionnaire?

Very reliable ☐|1 Reliable ☐|2 Unreliable ☐|3 Very unreliable ☐|4 Uncertain ☐|5

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION:

36. Interviewer code: _____

37. Interview date: _____

month day year
